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What is claimed:

1                   1.       A solder preform for attaching an optical fiber having a diameter to a  
2 fiber attach pad, the solder preform comprising a body including solder at least on a  
3 bottom surface thereof, the body having a groove extending along a first face from a first  
4 end to a second, the groove being larger in size than the optical fiber to allow alignment of  
5 the optical fiber within the groove.

1                   2.       A solder preform according to claim 1, wherein the height of the  
2 groove is larger than the diameter of the optical fiber, allowing a range of clearance above  
3 and below the optical fiber.

1                   3.       A solder preform according to claim 1, wherein the width of the  
2 groove is larger than the diameter of the optical fiber, allowing a range of clearance on at  
3 least a side of the optical fiber.

1                   4.       A solder preform according to claim 1, wherein the body is formed as  
2 a geometric solid with at least one substantially flat face.

1                   5.       A solder preform according to claim 4, wherein the geometric solid is  
2 selected from a group consisting of a rectangular box, a cubical box, a cylinder, a semi-  
3 cylinder, a semi-sphere, a pyramid, and a cone.

1                   6.       A solder preform according to claim 1, wherein the body is formed  
2 from a metallic material.

1                   7.       A solder preform according to claim 1, wherein the body is formed  
2 from a glass material.

1                   8.       A solder preform according to claim 1, wherein the body is formed  
2 into a substantially rectangular box having a height H as 0.38mm +/- 0.05mm, a groove  
3 height GH as 0.26mm to 0.29mm, a width W as 0.5mm to 1.5mm, a groove width GW as  
4 0.15mm to 0.23mm, and a length L as 0.5mm to 1.5mm, the groove providing 25  $\mu$ m to  
5 105  $\mu$ m of total clearance between the optical fiber and the width of the groove, a bottom

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6 clearance of 25  $\mu\text{m}$  to 100  $\mu\text{m}$  underneath the optical fiber, and a top clearance of 35  $\mu\text{m}$   
7 to 140  $\mu\text{m}$  above the optical fiber.

1 9. A method of making a solder preform for attaching an optical fiber  
2 having a diameter to a fiber attach pad, the method comprising the steps of:

3 a) providing a block of solder material;

4 b) stamping a shape from the block of solder material; and

5 c) forming a groove on a first face of the shape extending from a first  
6 end to a second end, the groove being larger in width than that  
7 diameter of the optical fiber.

1 10. A method according to claim 9, wherein step c is performed as part  
2 of step b.

3 11. A method according to claim 9, wherein step c is performed by  
4 grinding the groove on the first face of the shape extending from the first end to the  
5 second end.

6 12. A method according to claim 9, wherein the step of stamping includes  
7 forming the shape from a group consisting of a substantially rectangular box, a  
8 substantially cubical box, substantially a cylinder, substantially a semi-cylinder,  
9 substantially a sphere, substantially a semi-sphere, and substantially a cone.

1 13. A method of using a solder preform for attaching an optical fiber  
2 having a diameter to a fiber attach pad, the method comprising the steps of:

3 a) providing the solder preform;

4 b) placing the optical fiber over the fiber attach pad;

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5                   c)     placing the solder preform over the optical fiber and onto the fiber  
6     attach pad; and

7                   d)     applying laser radiation in a manner such that the optical fiber is  
8     shielded from the laser radiation by the solder preform.

1                   14.     The method of claim 13, further comprising the step of aligning the  
2     optical fiber to receive a desirable optimized optical signal strength from an adjacent  
3     optical component.

1                   15.     The method of claim 13, further comprising the step of aligning the  
2     optical fiber to provide a desirable optimized optical signal strength to an adjacent optical  
3     component.